

CHAPTER 25

NUISANCES

ARTICLE I - GENERALLY

25-1-1 **SPECIFIC NUISANCES ENUMERATED.** It is hereby declared to be a nuisance and to be against the health, peace and comfort of the City, for any person, firm or corporation within the limits of the City to permit the following; but the enumeration of the following nuisances shall not be deemed to be exclusive:

(A) **Filth.** To cause or suffer the carcass of any animal or any offal, filth or noisome substance to be collected, deposited or to remain in any place, to the prejudice of others.

(B) **Deposit of Offensive Materials.** To throw or deposit any offal or other offensive matter, or the carcass of any dead animal in any water course, lake, pond, spring, well or common sewer, street or public highway.

(C) **Corruption of Water.** To corrupt or render unwholesome, or impure, the water of any spring, river, stream, pond or lake, to the injury or prejudice of others.

(D) **Highway Encroachment.** To obstruct or encroach upon public highways, private ways, streets, alleys, commons, landing places, and ways to burying places.

(E) **Manufacturing Gunpowder.** To carry on the business of manufacturing gunpowder, nitroglycerine, or other highly explosive substances, or mixing or grinding the materials therefore, in any building within **twenty (20) rods** of any valuable building erected at the time such business may be commenced.

(F) **Powder Magazines.** To establish powder magazines near incorporated towns, at a point different from that appointed according to law by the corporate authorities of the town, or within **fifty (50) rods** of any occupied dwelling house.

(G) **Noxious Odors.** To erect, continue or use any building or other place for the exercise of any trade, employment or manufacture, which, by occasioning noxious exhalations, offensive smells or otherwise, is offensive or dangerous to the health of individuals, or of the public.

(H) **Unlawful Advertising.** To advertise wares or occupations by painting notices of the same on, or affixing them to fences or other private property, or on rocks or other natural objects without the consent of the owner, or if in the highway or other public place, without permission of the proper authorities.

(I) **Bodies of Water.** To create any condition, through the improper maintenance of a swimming pool or wading pool, or by causing any action which alters the condition of a natural body of water, so that it harbors mosquitoes, flies or other animal pests that are offensive, injurious or dangerous to the health of individuals or the public.

(J) **Storing Debris.** To store, dump or permit the accumulation of debris, refuse, garbage, trash, tires, buckets, cans, wheelbarrows, garbage cans or other containers in a manner that may harbor mosquitoes, flies, insects, rodents, nuisance birds or other animal pests that are offensive, injurious and dangerous to the health of individuals or the public.

(K) **Underground Wells.** To permit any salt water, oil, gas or other wastes from any well drilled for oil, gas or exploratory purposes to escape to the surface, or into a mine or coal seam, or into any underground fresh water supply, or from one underground stratum to another.

(L) **Harassment.** To harass, intimidate or threaten any person who is about to sell or lease or has sold or leased a residence or other real property, or is about to buy or lease or has bought or leased a residence or other real property, when the harassment, intimidation or threat relates to a person's attempt to sell, buy or lease a residence, or other real property, or refers to a person's sale, purchase or lease of a residence or other real property.

(M) **Business.** To establish, maintain and carry on any offensive or unwholesome business or establishment within the limits of the City or within the distance of **one (1) mile** beyond the City limits. **(See 65 ILCS Sec. 5/11-42-9)**

(N) **Filthy Premise Conditions.** To keep or suffer to be kept in a foul, offensive, nauseous or filthy condition, any chicken coop, cow barn, stable, cellar, vault, drain, privy, sewer or sink upon any premises belonging to or occupied by him, or any railroad car, building, yard, grounds, and premises belonging to or occupied by him.

(O) **Expectorate.** To expectorate on any public sidewalk or street, or other public building or floor or walk of any public vehicle or hall.

(P) **Litter on Streets.** It shall be unlawful for any person to deposit or allow trash, paper, cardboard, wire, dirt, rock, stone, glass, brick, lumber, wood or litter of material objects of any size or description to fall upon the streets of the City from any moving vehicle, or to be thrown from a moving vehicle, or to throw from a moving vehicle and to remain thereon.

(Q) **Accumulation of Junk And Trash.** To deposit or pile up any rags, old rope, paper, iron, brass, copper, tin, aluminum, ashes, garbage, refuse, hazardous waste, plastic, brush, litter, weeds, sludge, lead, glass bottles or broken glass upon any lot, piece or parcel of land or upon any public or private alley, street or public way within the City.

(R) **Rodents.** To cause or permit any condition or situation to exist that shall attract, harbor, or encourage the infestation of rodents.

(S) **Bringing Nuisances into the City.** To bring into the City, or keep therein for sale or otherwise, either for food or for any other purpose, any dead or live animal or any matter, substance or thing which shall be a nuisance or which shall occasion a nuisance in the City, or which may or shall be dangerous or detrimental to health.

(T) **Offensive Liquids.** To keep nauseous, foul or putrid liquid or substance or any liquid or substance likely to become nauseous, foul, offensive or putrid, nor permit any such liquid to be discharged, placed, thrown or to flow from or out of any premise into or upon any adjacent premises or any public street or alley, nor permit the same to be done by any person connected with the premises.

(U) **Motor Transport Engines.** To operate motor transport engines in the nighttime between the hours of **eight (8:00) o'clock P.M.** and **six (6:00) o'clock A.M.**, in any place in which a majority of the buildings, within a radius of **four hundred (400) feet** are used exclusively for residence purposes, excluding state and federal highways.

(V) **Unplugged Wells.** To permit any well drilled for oil, gas, salt water disposal or any other purpose in connection with the production of oil and gas, to remain unplugged, after such well is no longer used for the purpose for which it was drilled.

(W) **Burn-Out Pits.** To construct or operate any salt water pit or oil field refuse pit, commonly called a "burn-out pit", so that salt water, brine or oil field refuse or other waste liquids may escape therefrom in any manner except by the evaporation of such salt water or brine or by the burning of such oil field waste or refuse.

(X) **Discarded Machinery.** To permit concrete bases, discarded machinery and materials to remain around any oil or gas well, or to fail to fill any holes, cellars, slush pits and other excavations made in connection with any such well or to restore the surface of the lands surrounding any such well to its condition before the drilling of any such well, upon abandonment of any such oil or gas well.

(Y) **Accumulation of Debris.** To store, dump or permit the accumulation of debris, refuse, garbage, trash, tires, buckets, cans, wheelbarrows, garbage cans or other containers in a manner that may harbor mosquitoes, flies, insects, rodents, nuisance birds or other animal pests that are offensive, injurious or dangerous to the health of individuals or the public.

(Z) **Unhealthful Business.** No substance, matter or thing of any kind whatever, which shall be dangerous or detrimental to health, shall be allowed to exist in connection with any business, or be used therein, or be used in any work or labor performed in the City, and no nuisance shall be permitted to exist in connection with any such work or labor.

(See also Section 7-1-10)

(AA) **Generally.** To commit any offense which is a nuisance according to the common law of the land or made such by statute of the State.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prevent the corporate authorities of this City from declaring what shall be nuisances, and abating them within the City limits.

25-1-2 NUISANCES DETRIMENTAL TO HEALTH GENERALLY. No building, vehicle, structure, receptacle, yard, lot, premise, or part thereof shall be made, used, kept, maintained or operated in the City if such use, keeping, maintaining of any nuisance shall be dangerous or detrimental to health.

25-1-3 NOTICE TO ABATE. Whenever the Police Chief, Deputy Clerk or a designated representative finds that a nuisance exists, he shall direct the City Clerk to mail (certified) to the party responsible for the nuisance and to the party on whose property the nuisance exists a written notice ordering that the nuisance be abated within a reasonable time. The notice to abate shall contain:

- (A) A description of what constitutes the nuisance;
- (B) The location of the nuisance;
- (C) A statement of what condition or state of affairs must be achieved in order for the nuisance to be deemed abated;
- (D) A statement suggesting how such abatement might be accomplished;
- (E) The date by which abatement must be completed;
- (F) A statement indicating that if the nuisance is not abated by the date prescribed this Municipality will abate the nuisance and assess the costs against the property and/or impose a fine.

25-1-4 **ABATEMENT OF NUISANCE BY CITY; UNKNOWN OWNER.** It shall be the duty of the Chief of Police or a designated official to proceed at once upon the expiration of the time specified in the notice to cause such nuisance to be abated, provided, however, that whenever the owner, occupant, agent, or person in possession or control of any premises in or upon which any nuisance may be found in unknown or cannot be found, the Chief of Police or a designated representative shall proceed to abate such nuisance without notice. In either case, the expense of such abatement shall be paid by the person who may have created or suffered such nuisance to exist, in addition to any penalty or fine.

25-1-5 **FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH NOTICE.** If the person notified to abate a nuisance shall neglect or refuse to comply with the requirements of such notice by abating such nuisance within the time specified, such person shall be guilty of a violation of this Code. The City shall not be required to issue another notice where the condition or violation is at first abated, but later resumed and/or repeated.

(See 65 ILCS Sec. 5/11-60-2 and 720 ILCS Secs. 5/47-5; 5/47-10 and 5/47-15)

ARTICLE II - WEEDS

25-2-1 **DEFINITION.** "Weeds" as used in this Code shall include, but not be limited to the following:

Burdock, Rag Weed (giant), Rag Weed (Common), Thistle, Cocklebur, Jimson, Blue Vervain, Common Milk Weed, Wild Carrot, Poison Ivy, Wild Mustard, Rough Pigweed, Lambsquarter, Wild Lettuce, Curled Dock, Smartweeds (all varieties), Poison Hemlock, Wild Hemp and Johnson Grass and all other noxious weeds as defined by the statutes of the State of Illinois.

25-2-2 **HEIGHT.** It shall be unlawful for anyone to permit any weeds, grass, or plants, other than trees, bushes, flowers or other ornamental plants to grow to a height exceeding **eight (8) inches** anywhere in the City. Any such plants or weeds exceeding such height are hereby declared to be a nuisance.

25-2-3 **NOTICE.** The Police Department or any other person so designated by the Mayor may issue a written notice for removal of weeds or grass. Such weeds or grass shall be cut by the owner or occupant within **five (5) days** after such notice has been duly served.

25-2-4 **SERVICE OF NOTICE.** Service of the notice provided for herein may be effected by handing the same to the owner, occupant or lessee of the premises, or to any member of his household of the age of **fifteen (15) years** or older found on the premises or by mailing such notice to the last known residence address of the owner; provided, that if the premises are unoccupied and the owner's address cannot be obtained, then the notice may be served by posting the same upon the premises.

25-2-5 **ABATEMENT.** If the person so served does not abate the nuisance within **five (5) days**, the Police Chief or a designated representative may proceed to abate such nuisance, keeping an account of the expense of the abatement, and such expense shall be charged and paid by such owner or occupant.

25-2-6 **LIEN.** Charges for such weed removal shall be a lien upon the premises. A bill representing the cost and expense incurred or payable for the service shall be presented to the owner. If this bill is not paid within **thirty (30) days** of submission of the bill, a notice of lien of the cost and expenses thereof incurred by the City shall be recorded in the following manner:

- (A) A description of the real estate sufficient for identification thereof.
- (B) The amount of money representing the cost and expense incurred or payable for the service.
- (C) The date or dates when said cost and expense was incurred by the City and shall be filed within **sixty (60) days** after the cost and expense is incurred.

25-2-7 **PAYMENT.** Notice of such lien claim shall be mailed to the owner of the premises if his address is known. Upon payment of the cost and expense after notice of lien has been filed, the lien shall be released by the City or person in whose name the lien has been filed and the release shall be filed of record in the same manner as filing notice of the lien. All lien and release filing fees shall be paid by the owner of the property.

25-2-8 **FORECLOSURE OF LIEN.** Property subject to a lien for unpaid weed cutting charges shall be sold for non-payment of the same and the proceeds of such sale shall be applied to pay the charges after deducting costs, as is the case in the foreclosure of statutory liens. Such foreclosure shall be in the name of the City after the lien is in effect for **sixty (60) days**.

25-2-9 **VIOLATION - PENALTIES - LIEN.** Violation of this Article shall result in a fine of **Two Hundred Dollars (\$200.00)** for the first offense and a fine of no less than **Two Hundred Dollars (\$200.00)** for each subsequent offense. Such fines shall be in addition to any other sanctions provided under this Article. **(Ord. No. 08-17; 08-11-08)**

25-2-10 **COST.** Except as otherwise determined by the City Superintendent based on actual costs, the cost of mowing shall be calculated based upon a charge of **Fifty Dollars (\$50.00)** per hour for each machine and City employee used to abate the nuisance. **(Ord. No. 08-17; 08-11-08)**

(See 65 ILCS Secs. 5/11-20-6 and 5/11-20-7)

ARTICLE III - GARBAGE AND DEBRIS

25-3-1 **ACCUMULATION PROHIBITED.** No person shall permit any garbage or trash to accumulate on their premises or private property. It is hereby declared to be a nuisance and it shall be unlawful for the owner or occupant of real estate to refuse or neglect to remove the garbage or debris.

25-3-2 **NOTICE TO PERSON.** The Chief of Police or a designated representative may issue a written notice for removal of garbage or debris. Such garbage or debris shall be removed by the owner or occupant within **five (5) days** after such notice has been duly served.

25-3-3 **SERVICE OF NOTICE.** Service of notice provided for herein may be effected by handing of the same to the owner, occupant, or lessee of the premises, or to any member of his household of the age of **fifteen (15) years** or older found on the premises or by mailing such notice to the last known residence address of the owner; provided that if the premises are unoccupied and the owner's address cannot be obtained, then the notice may be served by posting the same upon the premises.

25-3-4 **ABATEMENT.** If the person so served does not abate the nuisance within **five (5) days**, the Police Chief or a designated representative may proceed to abate such nuisance, keeping an account of the expense of the abatement and such expense shall be charged and paid by such owner or occupant.

25-3-5 **LIEN.** Charges for such removal shall be a lien upon the premises. A bill representing the cost and expense incurred or payable for the service shall be presented to the owner. If this bill is not paid within **thirty (30) days** of submission of the bill, a notice of lien of the cost and expenses thereof incurred by the City shall be recorded in the following manner:

- (A) A description of the real estate sufficient for identification thereof.
- (B) The amount of money representing the cost and expense incurred or payable for the service.
- (C) The date or dates when said cost and expense was incurred by the City and shall be filed within **sixty (60) days** after the cost and expense is incurred.

25-3-6 **PAYMENT.** Notice of such lien claim shall be mailed to the owner of the premises if his address is known. Upon payment of the cost and expense after notice of lien has been filed, the lien shall be released by the City or person in whose name the lien has been filed and the release shall be filed of record in the same manner as filing notice of the lien.

25-3-7 **FORECLOSURE OF LIEN.** Property subject to a lien for unpaid charges shall be sold non-payment of the same, and the proceeds of such sale shall be applied to pay the charges after deducting costs, as is the case in the foreclosure of statutory liens. Such foreclosure shall be in the name of the City, after lien is in effect for **sixty (60) days**. Suit to foreclose this lien shall be commenced within **two (2) years** after the date of filing notice of lien.

(See 65 ILCS Sec. 5/11-20-13 and 720 ILCS Sec. 5/47-10)

ARTICLE IV – ALARM SYSTEMS

25-4-1 DEFINITIONS. The following words and phrases, when used in this Article, shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them:

“Alarm” means an audible or mechanical or electrical signal from a detention system which indicates a disturbance of the detention system or some other activity that requires urgent attention.

“Alarm Business” means the business, operated by a person of leasing, maintaining, servicing, repairing, altering, replacing, moving or installing any alarm system or causing to be leased, maintained, serviced, repaired, altered, replaced, moved or installed any alarm system in or on any building, structure or facility.

“Alarm Signal Panel” means the panel containing alarm terminals or boxes which is located in the Police Department facility and which alerts Police Department personnel to emergency situations.

“Alarm System” means any assembly of equipment which is designed or functions to provide an audible or mechanical or electrical signal which indicates a disturbance or some other activity that requires urgent attention.

“Alarm User” means any person which owns or is in control of a premises, either business or residential, where an alarm system is maintained.

“Automatic Dialing Device” means a device which is connected to a telephone line and is programmed to transmit to a selected telephone number a voice message or a code signal which indicates a need for an emergency response.

“Chief” means the Chief of Police or the Chief’s designee.

“Facility and Premises” means the location or the structure or the property of either a residential or business alarm user and includes any and all walk-ups, branches or other auxiliary structures associated with and located within **one hundred (100) feet** of the primary structure. Each individually owned or operated business within a mall, shopping center or cluster of stores, shall be considered as one facility and premises. Each individually owned or occupied condominium, apartment or other area used for residential purposes shall be considered as one facility and premises.

“False Alarm” means the transmission of an alarm signal requesting an emergency response by the Police Department in instances where an emergency situation does not, in fact, exist.

“Financial Institution” means banks and savings and loan associations chartered by the State or the United States of America.

“Interconnect” means to connect an alarm system to a telephone line, either through an automatic dialing device or through a mechanical device which utilizes a telephone, for the purpose of transmitting an emergency message upon activation or disturbance of the alarm system.

“Show-Up Fees” mean those fees assessed by the City and billed to any alarm user whose false alarms exceed the allowable number included in **Section 25-4-3(C)**.

25-4-2 **NUISANCE.** It shall be unlawful and constitute a public nuisance if any person, firm, corporation, partnership or any other entity at any time commits the following acts:

(A) Except for the first **thirty (30) days** after initial installation, an alarm system shall constitute a public nuisance if **ten (10)** false alarms occur within a **twelve (12) month** period.

(B) It shall be unlawful to interconnect, or for any alarm user to allow the interconnection of, an automatic dialing device for an alarm system to a Police Department telephone.

(C) It shall be unlawful for an alarm business to report an alarm on a Police Department telephone number(s), except as authorized by these rules.

- (D) The following shall be prima facie proof of violation of this Chapter:
- (1) The receipt of a call from or in relation to an alarm system at a facility or premises which is not registered; or
 - (2) A response by the Police Department to an alarm at a facility or premises which is not registered; or
 - (3) The receipt of a call from or in relation to an alarm system on a Police Department number which is not authorized for use by an alarm business in the rules.
 - (4) The receipt of a call from an automatic dialing device.

25-4-3 **PROCEDURE, ADMINISTRATION, FEES AND FINES.** The following shall constitute the procedure, administration, fees and fines under this Section:

(A) When an alarm system has **five (5) false alarms** within a **twelve (12) month** period, the Chief of Police shall serve a notice by certified mail or by personal service upon the alarm user and to the alarm business serving the alarm system stating that the alarm system is in danger of becoming a public nuisance. The Chief shall require that the alarm user and the alarm business servicing the alarm system submit a written report to the Chief within **ten (10) calendar days** of the receipt of the notice describing those actions that will be taken to discover and eliminate the cause of the false alarms.

(B) No financial institution shall be required to remove an incoming line from the alarm signal panel located in the Police Department for violation of this Section.

(C) The City shall bill all alarm users a show-up fee for responding to each false alarm occurring within a **twelve (12) month** period, in accordance with the following schedule:

- (1) **one (1) through nine (9) false alarms**, no fee;
- (2) **ten (10) through fourteen (14) false alarms**, **Twenty-Five Dollars (\$25.00)** each;
- (3) **fifteen (15) or more false alarms**, **Fifty Dollars (\$50.00)** each.

All show-up fees herein provided for shall be paid within **thirty (30) days** after the date of billing.

(D) Each individual facility or premises at which an alarm system is maintained will be registered and accounted separately and will be billed show-up fees accordingly.

(E) Any alarm user who is billed for show-up fees by the City may appeal such fees to the Chief of Police. An appeal must be filed within **thirty (30) days** of the date of the billing. After receiving the decision of the Chief of Police, any alarm user may appeal such fees to the Mayor.

(F) No abatement or refund of any show-up fees shall be granted unless the applicant proves reasonable and just cause exists for such refund or abatement. The right to appeal and contest any show-up fee herein is conditional upon the payment of the contested fee to the City prior to the request for appeal.

25-4-4 LIMITATION OF LIABILITY. The City assumes no liability for any of the following:

(A) Any defects in the operation of the alarm system or an alarm business.

(B) The failure or neglect to respond appropriately upon receipt of an alarm from an alarm system or from an alarm business.

(C) The failure or neglect of any person in connection with the installation and operation of equipment, the transmission of alarms by any means, prerecorded alarm messages, or the relaying of such alarms.

25-4-5 FEES FOR LINES TERMINATING AT POLICE DEPARTMENT. Each alarm business which owns or maintains an alarm signal panel which terminates in the Police Department shall pay to the City Clerk the sum of **Ten Dollars (\$10.00)** per month per incoming alarm line. (Example: Company A maintains a panel with capabilities for **ten (10)** incoming lines, only **five (5)** of which are connected to a facility or premises. The fee to the company is **Fifty Dollars (\$50.00)** per month).

[Unless Otherwise Noted, This Article Ord. No. 840; 06-13-88]

ARTICLE V - BUILDING AS NUISANCE

25-5-1 BUILDING CONDITION - NUISANCE. The Building Inspector or the City Superintendent along with the Police Chief, and Fire Chief, shall report to the City Council when any building or structure in the City is in a dangerous condition and constitutes a nuisance. Hereinafter, all references to Building Inspector shall include "his designated representative".

25-5-2 TIME LIMIT. The owner of such building shall repair or alter it so as to make it safe within **fifteen (15) days** from the time the notice is served upon him in the manner provided by law. **(Ord. No. 08-11; 05-27-08)**

25-5-3 NOTIFICATION. The Building Inspector, with the approval of the City Council, shall place a notice on all "dangerous and unsafe buildings", which notice shall read as follows:

"This building has been found to be a dangerous and unsafe building by the City officials. This notice shall remain on this building until it is repaired, vacated or demolished in accordance with the notice which has been given the owner, occupant, lessee, mortgagee, or agent of this building, or person or persons in whose name or names such building was last assessed, and all other persons having an interest in said building as shown by the land records of the County Recorder of Deeds. It is unlawful to remove this notice until such notice is complied with."

25-5-4 DANGEROUS AND UNSAFE BUILDING DEFINED. All buildings or structures which have any or all of the following defects shall be deemed "dangerous and unsafe buildings".

(A) Those whose interior walls or other vertical structural members list, lean or buckle to such an extent that a plumb line passing through the center of gravity falls outside of the middle third of its base.

(B) Those which, exclusive of the foundation, show **thirty-one percent (31%)** or more of damage or deterioration of the supporting member or members, or **fifty percent (50%)** of damage or deterioration of the non-supporting enclosing or outside walls or covering.

(C) Those which have improperly distributed loads upon the floors or roofs or in which the same are overloaded, or which have insufficient strength to be reasonably safe for the purpose used.

(D) Those which have been damaged by fire, wind, or other causes so as to have become dangerous to life, safety, morals, or the general health and welfare of the occupants or the people of the City.

(E) Those which have become or are so dilapidated, decayed, unsafe, unsanitary or which so utterly fail to provide the amenities essential to decent living that they are unfit for human habitation or are likely to cause sickness or disease, so as to cause injury to the health, morals, safety or general welfare of those living therein.

(F) Those having light, air, and sanitation facilities which are inadequate to protect the health, morals, safety, or general welfare of human beings who live or may live therein.

(G) Those having inadequate facilities for egress in case of fire or panic or those having insufficient stairways, elevators, fire escapes, or other means of communication.

(H) Those which have parts thereof which are so attached that they may fall and injure members of the public or property.

(I) Those which, because of their condition, are unsafe, unsanitary, or dangerous to the health, morals, safety or general welfare of the people of this City.

(J) Those buildings existing in violation of any provision of the Building Code of this City, or any provision of the Fire Prevention Code, or any other ordinances of the City.

(K) Those vacant buildings with unguarded openings shall be deemed to constitute a fire hazard and to be unsafe within the provisions of this Code.

(L) Those buildings which are uncompleted or abandoned.

25-5-5 STANDARDS FOR REPAIR, VACATION OR DEMOLITION.

The following standards shall be followed in substance by the Building Inspector in ordering repair, vacation, or demolition:

(A) If the "dangerous and unsafe building" is in such condition as to make it dangerous to the health, morals, safety, or general welfare of its occupants, it shall be ordered to be vacated.

(B) If the "dangerous and unsafe building" can reasonably be repaired so that it will no longer exist in violation of the terms of this Code, it shall be ordered repaired.

(C) In any case where a "dangerous and unsafe building" if **fifty percent (50%)** damaged or decayed, or deteriorated from its original value or structure, it shall be demolished, and in all cases where a building cannot be repaired so that it will no longer exist in violation of the terms of this Code, it shall be demolished. In all cases where a "dangerous and unsafe building" is a fire hazard existing or erected in violation of the terms of this Code, or any ordinance of the City, or statute of the State of Illinois, it shall be demolished. **(See "Non-Conforming Uses" of the Zoning Code)**

25-5-6 DANGEROUS AND UNSAFE BUILDINGS - NUISANCES. All dangerous and unsafe buildings within the terms of this Article are hereby declared to be public nuisances and shall be repaired, vacated, or demolished as hereinbefore or hereinafter provided.

25-5-7 **DUTIES OF THE ATTORNEY.** The City Attorney shall apply to the Circuit Court for an order authorizing the demolition, repair, or vacation of dangerous and unsafe buildings or uncompleted or abandoned buildings when notices have not been complied with and when requested to do so by the Building Inspector. Upon request by the Building Inspector, the City Attorney may apply to the Circuit Court for an order authorizing an administrative warrant to be issued providing for an inspection of the premises by the Building Inspector and/or designated individuals for the purpose of ascertaining its condition as it relates to the within Ordinance. Such a warrant shall be issued where the Building Inspector has reasonable grounds to believe that there is an unsafe condition at the property threatening the safety of the public. **(Ord. No. 07-19; 09-24-07)**

25-5-8 **LIENS.** The cost of repair, demolition, vacation, or enclosure shall be recoverable from the owner or owners of such real estate and shall be a lien thereon, which lien shall be superior to all prior existing liens and encumbrances except taxes; provided that within **one hundred eighty (180) days** after said cost and expense is incurred, the City or person performing the service by authority of the City, in his or its own names, shall file notices of lien in the office of the County Recorder of Deeds. The notice shall consist of a sworn statement setting out:

- (A) A description of the real estate sufficient for identification therefor;
- (B) The amount of money representing the cost and expense incurred or payable for the service; and
- (C) The date or dates when said cost and expense by the owner or persons interested in said property after notice of lien has been filed, the lien shall be released by the City or person in whose name(s) the lien has been filed and said release may be filed of record as in the case of filing notice of lien. The lien may be enforced by proceedings to foreclose as in the case of mortgages or mechanics of lien. Suit to foreclose this lien shall be commenced within **three (3) years** after the date of filing notice of lien. **(Ord. No. 08-11; 05-27-08)**

(See 65 ILCS Sec. 5/11-31-1)

ARTICLE VI - INOPERABLE MOTOR VEHICLE

25-6-1 **DEFINITIONS.** For the purpose of this Code, the following term(s) shall have the meanings ascribed to them as follows:

"INOPERABLE MOTOR VEHICLES" shall mean any motor vehicle which, for a period of at least **seven (7) days**, the engine, wheels or other parts have been removed, or on which the engine, wheels or other parts have been altered, damaged or otherwise so treated that the vehicle is incapable of being driven under its own motor power. "Inoperable Motor Vehicle" shall not include a motor vehicle which has been rendered temporarily incapable of being driven under its own motor power in order to perform ordinary service or repair operations.

(A) All vehicles of the first and second division will maintain current registration with the Secretary of State parked or kept in the City. All vehicles that do not display current registration will be deemed a nuisance.

(B) Exemptions to registration – licensed auto dealers, tow companies and auto repair facilities.

25-6-2 **DECLARATION OF NUISANCE.** All inoperable motor vehicles, whether on public or private property in view of the general public, are hereby declared to be a nuisance.

25-6-3 **NOTICE TO OWNER.** The Police Chief or a designated representative shall notify the owner of the motor vehicle, informing him that he shall dispose of any inoperable vehicles under his control. If the owner fails to dispose of said inoperable vehicle(s) after **seven (7) days** from the issuance of the notice, the Police Chief or a designated representative may authorize a towing service to remove and take possession of the inoperable vehicle or parts thereof.

25-6-4 **EXCLUSIONS.** Nothing in this Article shall apply to any motor vehicle that is kept within a building when not in use, to operable historic vehicles over **twenty-five (25) years** of age, or to a motor vehicle on the premises of a licensed business engaged in the wrecking or junking of motor vehicles.

25-6-5 **WRECKED OR ABANDONED VEHICLES.** Wrecked or abandoned vehicles will not be kept by a tow company after a **six (6) month** period, they will be disposed of, and the owner will be held accountable for the nuisance.

(See 65 ILCS Sec. 5/11-40-3)